

# How to Think Like a Librarian

# Introductions and Jamboard

# Objectives

- Defend and uphold the Bill of Rights
- Use the principles and ethics of librarianship in a way that demonstrates respect for patron privacy

# Definitions

- American Library Association
- Bill of Rights
- Censorship
- Chilling Effect
- Confidentiality
- Ethics
- Intellectual Freedom
- Privacy
- Self-Censorship

# Library Bill of Rights

The American Library Association affirms that all libraries are forums for information and ideas, and that the following basic policies should guide their services.

[ALA interpretations](#)

# Library Bill of Rights

I. Books and other library resources should be provided for the interest, information, and enlightenment of all people of the community the library serves. Materials should not be excluded because of the origin, background, or views of those contributing to their creation.

# Library Bill of Rights

II. Libraries should provide materials and information presenting all points of view on current and historical issues. Materials should not be proscribed or removed because of partisan or doctrinal disapproval.

# Library Bill of Rights

III. Libraries should challenge censorship in the fulfillment of their responsibility to provide information and enlightenment.



# Library Bill of Rights

IV. Libraries should cooperate with all persons and groups concerned with resisting abridgment of free expression and free access to ideas.

# Library Bill of Rights

V. A person's right to use a library should not be denied or abridged because of origin, age, background, or views.

# Library Bill of Rights

VI. Libraries which make exhibit spaces and meeting rooms available to the public they serve should make such facilities available on an equitable basis, regardless of the beliefs or affiliations of individuals or groups requesting their use.

# Library Bill of Rights

VII. All people, regardless of origin, age, background, or views, possess a right to privacy and confidentiality in their library use. Libraries should advocate for, educate about, and protect people's privacy, safeguarding all library use data, including personally identifiable information.

# Library Ethics

1. Provide highest level of service
2. Resist censorship
3. Protect the right to privacy
4. Respect intellectual property rights
5. Treat co-workers with respect
6. Do not advance private interests
7. Distinguish between professional and personal convictions
8. Continuing education
9. Affirm the rights of all people

# Library Ethics

- Group work

# Intellectual Freedom

**Intellectual Freedom:** The right of every individual to both seek and receive information from all points of view without restriction.

# Intellectual Freedom

- Group Work



# Class Evaluations

# Thank you!

Any questions?



OKLAHOMA  
Libraries

# Ranganathan

- Ranganathan's Five Laws
  1. Books are for use.
  2. Every reader his or her book.
  3. Every book its reader.
  4. Save the time of the reader.
  5. A library is a growing organism.